

The Origins of the Mei-yu/Baiu Frontal Cyclones.

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This study shows the origins of the Mei-yu/Baiu frontal cyclones that induce rainfall events over Japan. A field experiment during the 1999 Mei-yu/Baiu season: X-BAIU-99 was conducted over southern Kyushu island and the eastern part of the East China Sea, and several rainfall events were observed. Two rainfall events during the X-BAIU-99 were focused in this study. A rainfall event on 27 June was induced by two significant rainbands accompanied by a meso- α -scale cyclone (its wave length was about 500km). Another rainfall event on 29 June was induced by a cold frontal rainband accompanied by a synoptic-scale cyclone (its wave length was about 2000km). These two Mei-yu/Baiu frontal cyclones were traced by using data from regional spectral model. The meso- α -scale cyclone was originated in the northeastern lee side of the Wuyi Mountains near Shanghai. The synoptic-scale cyclone was originated in the Yungui Highland, and moved along 30°N passing through Wuhan, Shanghai and the East China Sea. For investigating activity of the Mei-yu/Baiu frontal clouds near 30°N, TBB field averaged for the 9 days from 21 June to 30 June in 1999. The 9 days include the days of the meso- α -scale and synoptic-scale cyclones, and is a period that the Mei-yu/Baiu front was staying near 30 °N. A cloud band associated with the Mei-yu/Baiu front had three significant peaks of low TBB over China continent. The three peaks of low TBB were located at the Yungui Highland, the Liang-hu plain, and the Poyang-hu plain. These results from the present study show that it is very important to conduct observational experiments for the Mei-yu/Baiu frontal mesoscale phenomena in areas near 30°N over China continent (e.g., Wuhan and Shanghai).

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